



Australian Government Geoscience Australia

Georegulation standardising the digital representation of maritime boundary data

Abstract: The IHO S-121 data interchange standard enables an open, international, coordinate-based, representation of maritime boundaries and their associated rights, restrictions, and responsibilities (RRRs) that are authoritative and easy to interpret. The standard has been published by the IHO and is currently informing the development of ISO 19152 Land Administration Domain Model (LADM) -- Part 3: Marine Georegulation.

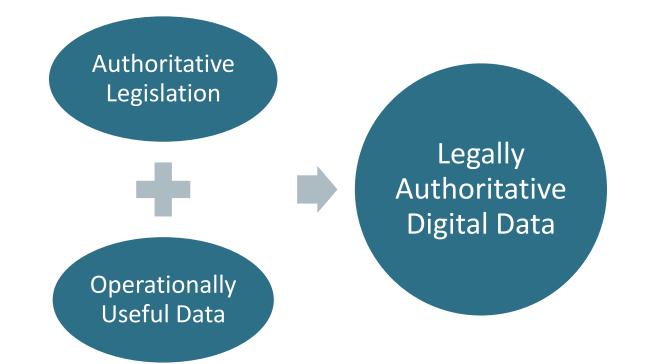
This presentation will provide an overview of how the S-121 and 19152-3 standards have been developed and where Georegulation is going next.

Jonah Sullivan | Geospatial Advisor



Georegulation

- The regulation of space legal certainty in the spatial administration of jurisdiction
- 1982 UN Convention on the Law of the Sea (UNCLOS)
- 2004 UN General Assembly Resolution A/RES/59/24
 - Requests the Secretary-General to improve the existing Geographic Information System for the deposit by States of charts and geographical coordinates concerning maritime zones...



Why Digital Data?

Australia's National Jurisdiction.

Determination of Commonwealth Boundaries, State/Territory Limits, and External Territories.

Native Title Determinations

Migration Zone

Sea Dumping

Crimes at Sea

Assertion of Rights to Jurisdiction

Distribution of Rights, Restrictions, and Responsibilities

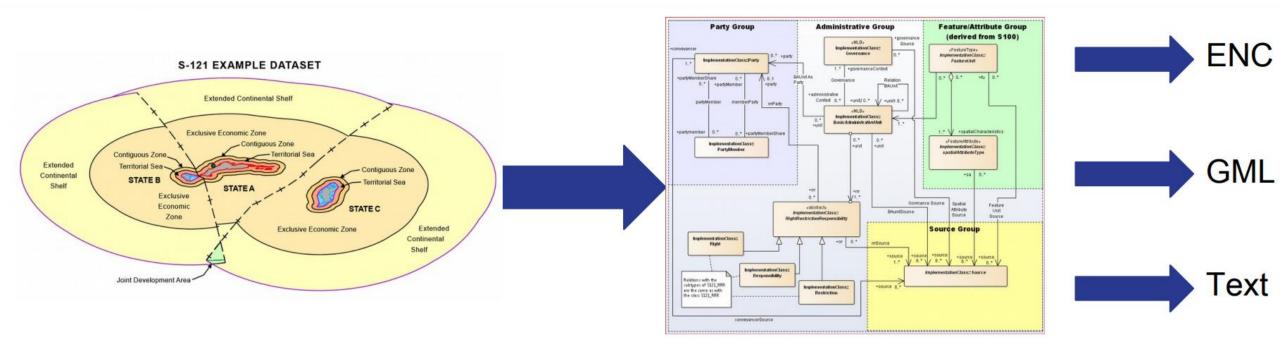
Implementation of Domestic Rights, Restrictions, and Responsibilities Environmental Regulations Fisheries Regulations Petroleum Titling

Offshore Mining

S-121 Maritime Limits and Boundaries

Support the management, description and exchange of a State's Maritime Sovereignty, Sovereign rights extents and associated juridical zones.

The management of legal information is very different from the management of other types of GIS data.



ISO 19152-3 Land Administration Domain Model (LADM)

Split into thematic parts

- Part 1: Fundamentals
- Part 2: Land registration
- Part 3: Marine georegulation
- Part 4: Valuation information
- Part 5: Spatial plan information
- Part 6: Implementation aspects

ISO

ICS

ISO/AWI 19152-3

Geographic information — Land Administration Domain Model (LADM) — Part 3: Marine georegulation

ABSTRACT

This part of ISO 19152 provides the concepts and structure for standardization for georegulation in the marine space. This standard addresses the information structures related to management of legal spaces, such as the international maritime limits and boundaries, marine living and non-living resources management areas, marine conservation areas, etc. and their related rights and obligations. This part of 19152 establishes the common elements and basic schema to structure marine georegulation information system. It builds upon the common components defined in 19152 Part 1 – Fundamentals.

GENERAL INFORMATION[®]

Status : 🛛 Under development

Edition: 1

Technical Committee : ISO/TC 211 Geographic information/Geomatics

Approved Work Item

Stage 20 – preparatory – draft not yet tabled at ISO/TC211 committee



Standards About us News Taking part Store Q 📜 EN

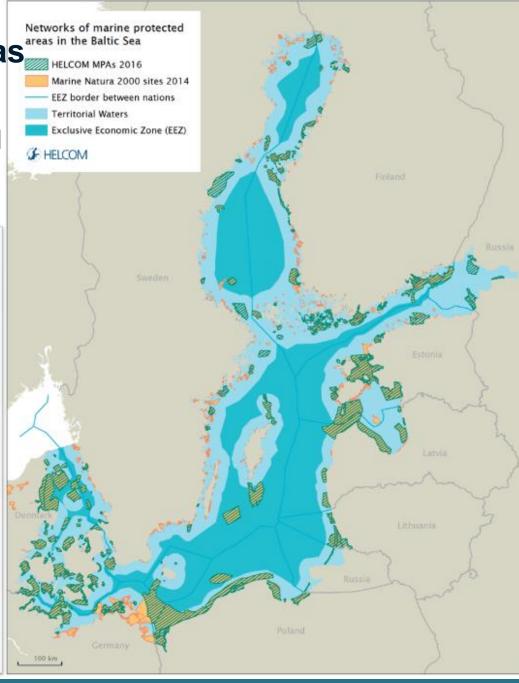
OGC Pilot Project: S-122 Marine Protected Areas

- Regional Marine Spatial Data Infrastructure (MSDI)
 - Based on binding legislation within member states and treaties between them
 - North Sea and Baltic Sea as Testbed
- OGC Initiative
- First phase 2022
- Second phase 2023



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Pacific Statement

We, The Leaders of the Pacific Islands Forum ...

Declare that once having, in accordance with the Convention, established and notified our maritime zones to the Secretary-General of the United Nations, we intend to maintain these zones without reduction, notwithstanding climate change-related sealevel rise,

Further declare that we do not intend to review and update the baselines and outer limits of our maritime zones as a consequence of climate change-related sea-level rise, and

Proclaim that our maritime zones, as established and notified to the Secretary-General of the United Nations in accordance with the Convention, and the rights and entitlements that flow from them, shall continue to apply, without reduction, notwithstanding any physical changes connected to climate change-related sea-level rise.



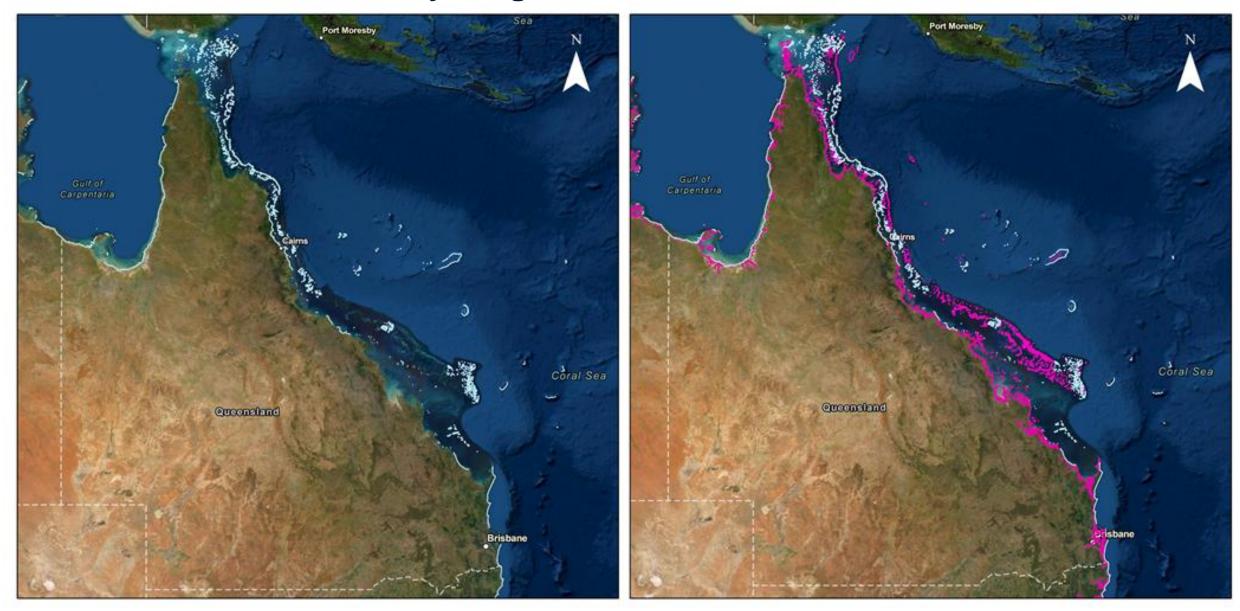
DECLARATION ON PRESERVING MARITIME ZONES IN THE FACE OF CLIMATE CHANGE-RELATED SEA-LEVEL RISE





https://www.forumsec.org/wp-content/uploads/2021/08/Declaration-on-Preserving-Maritime.pdf

Australian Coastline Survey Program



Revised Maritime Boundaries





GBRMPA

[P-20-23] Olympic Reef (20-377) and surrounds

The area bounded by a line commencing at 20° 47.760′ S, 151° 13.920′ E then running progressively:

- 1. east along the parallel to its intersection with longitude 151° 16.562' E
- 2. south along the meridian to its intersection with latitude $20^{\circ} 49.440'$ S
- 3. southerly along the geodesic to 20° 54.240' S, 151° 15.359' E
- 4. west along the parallel to its intersection with longitude 151° 12.000' E
- 5. northerly along the geodesic to 20° 52.320' S, 151° 11.760' E
- 6. north along the meridian to its intersection with latitude 20° 51.600' S
- 7. northerly along the geodesic to 20° 48.480' S, 151° 12.720' E
- 8. north-easterly along the geodesic to 20° 48.000' S, 151° 13.200' E
- 9. easterly along the geodesic to the point of commencement





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